# DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY COURSE CURRICULUM & MARKING SCHEME

# B.Sc. Part - III GEOLOGY

**SESSION: 2023-24** 



**ESTD: 1958** 

# GOVT. V.Y.T. PG AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE, DURG, 491001 (C.G.)

(Former Name – Govt. Arts & Science College, Durg)

NAAC Accredited Grade A<sup>+</sup>, College with CPE - Phase III (UGC), STAR COLLEGE (DBT)

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### Approved syllabus for B.Sc.-III GEOLOGY by the members of Board of Studies for the Session 2023 -24

The syllabus for B.Sc.- III Geology is hereby approved for the session 2023 -24.

#### Program Outcomes - B.Sc. Geology

The student graduating with the Degree B.Sc. Geology will be able to:

- 1. Acquire a solid base of knowledge in the science of geology as a whole as well as earth materials, earth history, sedimentation and stratigraphy, deformational processes and structural features, and geomorphic processes and landforms
- 2. Understand the geologic time scale and place important geologic events in a temporal framework
- 3. Demonstrate the ability to use Clinometers and Brunton compass, and images in geological investigations
- 4. Understand the pathways and influence of water and other fluids at Earth's surface and in the subsurface
- 5. Interpret topographic maps and terrain models and create profiles
- 6. Interpret geologic maps and construct cross sections from them
- 7. Distinguish between various structural features and determine the types of stress responsible for their formation
- 8. Describe and interpret types of surfacial deposits and landforms
- 9. Apply principles of mathematics, chemistry, and physics to geologic problems

10. Develop proficiency in oral and written communication of geologic concepts.

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#### Syllabus and Marking Scheme for B.Sc. Part – III Geology

Paper No.	Title of the Paper	Marks Allotted in Theory	
		Max	Min
I	Palaeontology & Stratigraphy	50	17
II	Earth Resources & Applied Geology	50	17
	Practical	50	17:
	Total	150	

Theory papers - 100 01 Practical - 50 Total Marks - 150

#### Course Outcome Paper I: Palaeontology & Stratigraphy

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Understand the principles of Stratigraphy and details of Geological Time scale
- 2. Identify Indian stratigraphic systems of Archean, Dharwar, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Vindhyan and Aravalli Supergroups
- 3. Describe the Geological Time events of The Paleozoic, Gondwana, Triassic, Jurassic and Cretaceous and the Tertiary Group
- 4. Understand the detailed significance of the Siwalik, Pleistocene, Holocene, Himalayas, and Eocene systems.
- 5. Analyze the age and boundary problems of various ages.
- 6. Describe morphology, geological distribution and evolution of Brachiopods, Lamellibranches, Trilobites, Gastropods, Graptolites and Echinoids.

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#### B.Sc. Part - III GEOLOGY COURSE CODE: - BGL-05, PAPER - I PALAEONTOLOGY & STRATIGRAPHY

UNIT-I (1) Palaeontology: Fossils- definition, Essentials for fossilization, modes of fossilization.

(2) Uses of fossils; Index fossils & their significance.

(3) Application of palaeontology in the study of Stratigraphy, Palaeoecology and Palaeogeography.

(4) Micro palaeontology & its significance. (5) Study of plant fossils & their significance.

UNIT-II (1) Morphology & geologic distribution of foraminifera & Anthozoa fossils.

(2) Morphology & geological distribution of Gastropoda and Lamellibranchia fossils.

(3) Morphology & geological distribution of Cephalopoda.

- (4) Morphology & geological distribution of Echinoidea & Brachiopoda fossils.
- (5) Morphology & geological distribution of Trilobite and Graptolite fossils.

UNIT-III (1) Principles of stratigraphy: Geological time scale.

- (2) Basic concept of lithostratigraphic, chronostratigraphic & biostratigraphic units.
- (3) Structural & physical subdivision and characteristic features of Indian subcontinent.
- (4) Distribution, classification & economic importance of Archaeozoic rocks of India
- (5) Distribution, Stratigraphy & Economic Importance of Bastar & Raoghat group of rocks (Chhattisgarh)

UNIT-IV (1) Distribution, stratigraphy & Economic importance of Vindhyan & Chhattisgarh supergroup of rocks.

(2) Stratigraphy, Palaeoclimate, Geographical distribution & economic aspects of Gondwana Supergroup.

(3) Stratigraphy, Distribution & age of Deccan Traps.

(4) Stratigraphy, Distribution & fossil contents of Bagh & Lameta Bed.

(5) Distribution, Stratigraphy & Palaeontology of Salt Range group of rocks.

UNIT-V (1) Distribution, Stratigraphy & Economic importance of Palaeozoic rocks of Spiti

(2) Stratigraphy, Distribution, Fossil content of Cretaceous rocks of Tiruchirapalli.

(3) Stratigraphy, Distribution, Fossil content & Economic importance of Jurassic rocks of Kutch-Region.

(4) Distribution, Stratigraphy, Economic importance of Tertiary rocks of Assam-Region.

(5) Distribution, Stratigraphy & Vertebrate Palaeontological importance of Siwalik group of rocks.

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Suggested Readings:

Clarkson, E.N.K., 1998: Invertebrate Palaeontology and Evolution. IV Ed. Blackwell.

Jain, P.C., and Anantharaman, M.S., 1996: Palaeontology - Evolution and animal distribution. Vishal Publications.

Prothero, D.R., 1998: Bringing fossils to life- An Introduction to Palaeobiology. McGrawHill.

Stearn, C.W. and Carrol, R.L., 1989: Palaeontology- the record of life. John Wiley.

Boggs Sam Jr., 1995: Principles of Sedimentology and Stratigraphy. Prentice Hall.

Kumar, Ravindra,1985: Fundamentals of Historical Geology and Stratigraphy of India. Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Naqvi, S.M. and Rogers, J.J.W,1987: Precambrian Geology of India. Oxford University Press.

# Question Paper Format and Distribution of Marks for Under Graduate Examination

- 1. The question paper for UG Classes is to be divided into three Sections A, B & C.
- 2. Section A shall contain very short answer type questions (answer in one or two sentences) or objective type questions. (No Multiple choice questions. No 'fill in the blank' type Questions)
- 3. Section B shall contain short answer type questions with the limit of 150 words.
- 4. Section C shall contain long answer/descriptive type questions. The students are required to answer precisely and the answer should not exceed the limit of 350 words.
- 5. The scheme of marks should be as follows:

Question Type	MM 50 (Marks X No.of Q.)	
A (Very short Ans.)	1x10 = 10	
B (Short Ans.)	3x5 = 15	
C (Long Ans.)	5x5 = 25	

6. The half yearly internal examinations will be held. 10% out of marks obtained by the students in each paper in internal examinations will be added to 90% of marks obtained in each paper of annual examination.

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#### Course Outcome Paper II: Earth Resources & Applied Geology

On completion of Course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain about the classification and processes of formation of mineral deposits
- 2, Discuss the distribution of mineral resources in India
- 3. Describe the origin, occurrence and distribution of Coal, petroleum and radioactive minerals
- 4. Discuss the fundamentals of Engineering Geology, Photogeology and Hydrogeology
- 5. Explain about various aspects of mineral exploration and the mineral policy of India.

#### B.Sc. Part - III GEOLOGY

#### COURSE CODE:- BGL-06, PAPER - II EARTH RESOURCES & APPLIED GEOLOGY

- UNIT-I (1) Economic Geology introduction & its perspectives; Global mineral deposit & resource. Distribution of mineral deposits in time & space.
  - (2) Classification of mineral deposits. Geological thermometers.
  - (3) Magmatic & Hydrothermal processes of mineral formation.
  - (4) Weathering products & Residual deposits. Oxidation & supergene sulphide enrichment processes.
  - (5) Sedimentary processes of ore formation. Placer deposits.
- UNIT-II Geological, Geographical distribution, mode of occurrence, mineralogy & economic importance of following metallic & nonmetallic deposits of India.
  - (1) Iron, Manganese, Chromium
  - (2) Copper, Lead, Zinc
  - (3) Gold, Aluminium
  - (4) Refractory and Fertilizer minerals
  - (5) Minerals used in cement & chemical industries.
- UNIT-III (1) Coal deposits: Origin, Definition & stratigraphy
  - (2) Fundamentals of coal petrography. Peat, Lignite, Bituminous & Anthracite. Indian coal deposits with special reference to Coal deposits of Chhattisgarh.
  - (3) Origin of Natural-hydrocarbons, migration & accumulation. Types of oil traps; Structural, stratigraphic and composite. Offshore & Onshore oil deposits of India.
  - (4) Radioactive minerals: Mineralogy, Geochemistry, Prospecting techniques, Geological & Geographical distribution of atomic-minerals.
  - (5) Principles of mineral economics. National mineral policy.
- UNIT-IV (1) Engineering Geology & its importance, Engineering properties of rocks
  - (2) Geological conditions for construction of large Dams and Tunnels.
  - (3) Elementary study of Aerial photographs & satellite imageries. Application of remote sensing techniques in town-planning.
  - (4) Hydrologic cycle. Mode of occurrence of ground water, quality of ground

water.
(5) Hydrologic properties of rocks Classification of Aquifers. Ground water

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UNIT-V (1) Introduction to mineral exploration, Surface & subsurface methods of mineral Exploration.

(2) Prospecting methods; Drilling, Sampling & Assaying.

(3) Geophysical prospecting techniques: Gravity, Electrical & Magnetic methods.

(4) Aerial and seismic prospecting methods.

(5) Environmental impact of over exploitation of mineral resources.

Suggested Readings:

- (१) आर्थिक भूविज्ञान— कृष्ण गोपाल व्यास
- (२) आर्थिक एवं व्यावहारिक भूविज्ञान— आर.पी. मांजरेकर
- (३) भौमजल विज्ञान— एल.के. रिछारिया
- (४) प्रारंभिक खनिकी- बी.के. सिंह
- (५) प्रायोगिक भूविज्ञान भाग-३- गुप्ता, पुनवटकर एवं रघुवंषी
- (6) Economic mineral deposits of India- Umeshwar Prasad.
- (7) Economic mineral deposits- A.Bateman
- (8) Ore-deposit of India- Gokhale & Rao
- (9) India's Mineral Resource-S. Krishnaswami
- (10) Principles of Engineering Geology & Geotechniques- Krynine & Judd.
- (11) Groundwater Hydrology- D.K. Todd
- (12) Courses in Mining Geology- R.N.P. Arogyaswami
- (13) Principles & Applications of photogeology- S.N. Pandey.
- (14) Ground water- Assessment, Development & Management- K.R. Karanth
- (15) Geophysical methods in Geology- P.V. Sharma.
- (16) Environmental Geology- K.S. Valdiya (1987)

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#### B.Sc. Part - III PRACTICAL

**COURSE CODE: - BGLP03** 

M.M. 50

#### Course Outcome B.Sc. Part-III Geology Lab Course

On completion of Course, the students will be able

- 1. Identify ore forming minerals in hand specimen.
- 2. Demarcate ore deposits and economic mineral deposits in Outline map of India.
- 3. Estimate the ore reserves from the given data.
- 4. Interpret aerial photographs with the help of stereoscope.
- 5. Visually interpret satellite Imageries.
- 6. Construct and interpret water table maps on the basis of given data
- 7. Identify various invertebrate and plant fossils on the basis of their morphological characters

#### **Practical Exercises -**

(1) Study of important metallic and nonmetallic minerals on the basis of physical & optical properties.

(2) Distribution of important metallic and nonmetallic deposits within outline map of India.

(3) Magascopic studies of coal & its varieties.

(4) Exercises related to mineral exploration; Reserve calculation, Tonnage factor calculation, Exercises related to drilling.

(5) Study of Aerial photographs with the help of stereoscope.

(6) Study of satellite imageries.

(7) Study of hydrologic properties of rocks, Preparation of hydrogeological maps.

(8) Geological excursion for ten days.

(9) Identification of various invertebrate and plant fossils on the basis of their morphological characters.

(10) Plotting of various localities exhibiting rocks belonging to various ages on the outline map of India

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